

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

[5 pt] 1. Define the relationship between Gibbs Free Energy at standard state conditions and Gibbs Free Energy at nonstandard state conditions. Define each variable, and give the standard units for each

[6 pt] 2. Urea ( $\text{NH}_2\text{CONH}_2$ ) is an important fertilizer and is produced industrially by reaction  $2\text{NH}_3(\text{g}) + \text{CO}_2(\text{g}) \longrightarrow \text{NH}_2\text{CONH}_2(\text{g}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$ . Given that  $\Delta G^\circ = -13.6 \text{ kJ/mol}$ , calculate  $\Delta G$  at STP for the following sets of conditions:

(a) 10 atm  $\text{NH}_3$ , 10 atm  $\text{CO}_2$  and 1.0 atm  $\text{NH}_2\text{CONH}_2$  2(a) \_\_\_\_\_

(b) 0.10 atm  $\text{NH}_3$ , 0.10 atm  $\text{CO}_2$  and 1.0 M  $\text{NH}_2\text{CONH}_2$  2(b) \_\_\_\_\_

(c) Which set of reaction conditions lead to a spontaneous reaction (A or B)? 2(c) \_\_\_\_\_

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[5 pt] 3. Define the relationship between Gibbs Free Energy and the Equilibrium Constant. Define each variable, and give the standard units for each

[4 pt] 4. Calculate the equilibrium constant for the reaction in Question 2. 4. \_\_\_\_\_

[5 pt] 5. At 25 °C, the acid dissociation constant ( $K_c$  for aspirin ( $C_9H_8O_4$ ) is  $3.0 \times 10^{-4}$ . 5. \_\_\_\_\_  
Calculate  $\Delta G^\circ$  for the reaction:  $C_9H_8O_4(aq) + H_2O(l) \rightleftharpoons H_3O^+(aq) + C_9H_7O_4^-(aq)$