Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

[3 pt] 1. Define the term Structural Isomer:

[3 pt] 2. Which of the following molecule(s) are isomers of each other. For example A/B, and C/D/E (not the correct answer btw).

- (a) CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>
- (e) CH<sub>3</sub> CH<sub>3</sub>
- (b) CH3CH2CH2CH2CH3
- (f) CH<sub>2</sub>—CH<sub>2</sub> (g) CH<sub>3</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>
  CH<sub>2</sub> CH<sub>2</sub> CH<sub>3</sub>
  CH<sub>3</sub>
- (c) CH<sub>3</sub>CHCH<sub>3</sub> CH<sub>1</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>
- (h) CH<sub>2</sub> (i) CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub> CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub> CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>
- (d) CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>

[9 pt] 3. Give the name and structure (line or lewis) for the 9 isomers of heptane.

(a)

(f)

(b)

(g)

(c)

(h)

(d)

(i)

(e)

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